

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

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Adopted by Finance & Partnership Committee by resolution

Dated 6th March 2025

1. Introduction

Emersons Green Town Council recognises that it has a responsibility to manage risks, both internal and external, and is therefore committed to the implementation of a risk management procedure in line with the introduction of Local audit and Accountability Act 2014, and the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, in order to protect the Council from avoidable losses.

2. Responsibilities

This Policy places a responsibility on all Members and Officers to have regard for risk in carrying out their duties. Its purpose is to enable the Council to manage its risks through anticipation and control.

3. Definition

The Audit Commission (2001) defined "risk" as an event or action which will adversely affect an organisation's ability to achieve its objectives, project plans and processes and to successfully execute its strategies. Therefore "risk management" is the process by which risks are **identified**, **evaluated** and **controlled**.

It is good business practice that risk management processes should be supportive rather than restrictive and should be embedded in the culture of the Council and embraced by all staff and Members.

4. Aims

The Council's aims with respect to risk management are as follows:

To integrate risk management into the culture of the Council.

- 4.1. To raise awareness of the scope of risk management including business risk, the identification of opportunities as well as threats and that the process supports innovation.
- 4.2. To manage risk in accordance with best practice.
- 4.3. To minimise losses, injury and damage and reduce the cost of risk.
- 4.4. To ensure appropriate actions are taken to address identified risks.
- 4.5. To ensure that risks are monitored and that an appropriate reporting mechanism exists to support the annual assurance statement on the effectiveness of the Councils' system of internal control.
- 4.6. To ensure appropriate actions are taken to identify and pursue opportunities.

These aims will be achieved through the Council's risk management procedure which details the roles, responsibilities and actions necessary for successful implementation.

The co-operation of all Members and officers is essential to ensure the Council's resources and service provision are not adversely affected by uncontrolled risk, to ensure the Council does not fail to seize opportunities which benefit the community.

5. Relevant Legislation

Emersons Green Town Council will implement its Risk Management Policy in accordance with the current legislation governing local authorities and the associated codes of practice.



RISK MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE

A) Introduction

This procedure sets out the framework on which risk management processes at Emersons Green Town Council are based. This framework ensures a consistent approach is taken across the Council and provides for an element of independent oversight by Council Officers.

B) Objectives

The objectives of this procedure are:

- > to clearly identify roles and responsibilities for managing risk,
- > to follow a structured framework for the identification, assessment and evaluation of risks,
- > to ensure a corporate approach is adopted across the Council which facilitates the prioritisation of risks and avoids duplication of mitigating action,
- > to ensure risk management principles are embedded in all systems and processes to help demonstrate openness, integrity and accountability in all the Council's activities,
- > to ensure the risk management process contributes to the development of a more robust internal control framework, providing assurance to senior officers and Members that appropriate levels of control exist, and
- > to provide a framework for ensuring actions are proportionate to identified risks thereby efficiently and effectively utilising resources and maintaining a balance between risks and controls.

C) Definitions

- Risk: an event or action which will adversely affect an organisation's ability to achieve its project plans or processes and thus to successfully execute its strategies
- ii. Risk Management: the process, by which risks are identified, evaluated and controlled, which includes the following:
 - Treat the risk: Improve the controls to reduce the probability or impact to acceptable limits
 - Transfer the risk: Insure against risk / outsource / design & build option for contracts
 - Tolerate the risk: Live with it, the risk is acceptable and additional controls would not be cost-effective
 - Terminate the risk: Do not pursue the course of action, the risk is unacceptable and cannot be economically mitigated to an acceptable level

D) Categories of Risk

STRATEGIC	OPERATIONAL
Risks which may threaten the achievement of	Risks which members and staff may encounter
the Council's objectives	in the daily course of their work.
Political:	Professional:
failure to deliver key objectives or policies of	professional competences of staff
other levels of Government	
Use of political allegiance to influence Council	
polices	
Economic:	Financial:
the Council's ability to meet its financial	financial planning and control and the
commitments	adequacy of insurance cover
Social:	Legal:
the effects in changes in demographic,	possible breaches of legislation
residential or socio-economic trends on the	
Council's ability to deliver its objectives	
Technological:	Physical:
the Council's capacity to deal with	fire, security, accident prevention and health &
technological change or its ability to use	safety
technology to meet changing demands	
Legislative:	Contractual:
current or potential changes in national or	the failure of contractors to deliver services or
European law.	goods to agreed costs and specifications
Environmental:	Technological:
the environmental consequences of service	reliance on operational equipment (IT systems
delivery (in terms of energy efficiency,	or equipment and machinery)
pollution, re-cycling, landfill needs, emissions	
etc)	Forder on a social
Customer	Environmental:
failure to recognise the changing needs and	pollution, noise or energy efficiency of on-going
expectations of the community	service operation.

E) Processes

In line with best practice, the Council has adopted a seven-step process to support the implementation of risk management and help maintain impetus

	STEPS	ACTION	RESPONSIBILITY
1	Identifying risk	Risks will be identified during the service delivery planning process and cross-referenced, where possible, to key tasks and to the achievement of corporate objectives. Risk Owner to be identified.	All Members and Officers
2	Analysing risk	Risks will be assessed against probability and impact of the identified risks using the Council's approved evaluation criteria to give a risk score.	Risk Owner
3	Profiling risk	The evaluation exercise will result in a risk score from which significant risks can be established.	Risk Owner
4	Prioritising action	Risks will be entered in the risk register detailing the inherent risk score, existing controls and residual risk score.	Town Clerk
5	Determining action	Further actions required to reduce the threat of the risk occurring or minimise its impact will be stated in the risk register. Target dates and assignment of responsibility will also be stated.	Risk Owner in liaison with Town Clerk
6	Controlling risk	The specified actions will be carried out as stated in the risk register.	As stated on Risk Register
7	Monitoring	The Full Council keep the risk register under review and progress against further actions identified will be monitored biannually. The register will be updated as actions are achieved, and risk scores amended as appropriate. The identification of risks should be a continual process and risks emerging throughout the year should be evaluated and, where necessary, added to the register.	Full Council Town Clerk in liaison with all Members and Officers

APPENDIX 1

		Financial	Reputation	Stakeholder	Community/ Customers	Health & Safety	Environmental
1	Negligible	Under £500	Minimal loss of public trust	Minimal impact on stakeholder business arrangements	Minimal impact or disruption to community contained within a community area	First aid case, with no lost time. Negligible safety impact. Mild health effect for short period.	Minimal environmental impact.
2	Minor	£501 - £1,000	Slight loss of trust with no lasting impact. Little adverse publicity	Minor impact on stakeholder business arrangements	Minor impact to community and community dissatisfaction. Limited service disruption.	Minor injury (worker or third party). Medical treatment beyond first aid. Reversible health effect. Minor illness.	Local impact requiring response, but from which there is a natural recovery.
3	Moderate	£1,001 - £5,000	Moderate loss of trust that receives significant adverse publicity locally with no lasting impact	Moderate disruption to stakeholder's arrangements.	Moderate impact to community and customer dissatisfaction. Moderate service disruption.	Single major injury. Irreversible health effect for example loss of hearing. Serious illness from which there is full recovery.	Moderate environmental impact, requiring response to aid recovery. Reportable to authorities.
4	Major	£5,001 - £10,000	Significant loss of trust and receives local media attention. Potential for lasting impact	Significant disruption to and opposition from stakeholders	Significant service disruption and community opposition. Threat of legal action.	Multiple major injuries which may result in permanent disabilities. Life shortening health effect. Health effect causing significant irreversible disabilities.	Major environmental incident resulting in significant impact requiring management by external authorities
5	Catastrophic	Over £10,000	Significant loss of trust and receives national media attention with potential for persisting impact.	Major disruption to and strong opposition from stakeholders who represent vulnerable clients	Major service disruption. Significant community opposition. Legal action. Longterm public memory.	Death	Extreme environmental incident, resulting in irreversible long term or widespread harm

F) Risk Management Matrix

Likeliho	Likelihood Ranges			
	Description	Guidance	Probability Range	
1	Improbable	Very remote probability that the event would occur	-1%	
2	Remote	Event may occur only in exceptional circumstances	1 - 10%	
3	Possible	Event could occur at some time	11 - 50%	
4	Probable	Event should occur at some time	51 - 90%	
5	Almost Certain	Event will occur in most circumstances	>90%	

	5	10	15	20	25
	4	8	12	16	20
Impact	3	6	9	12	15
<u>E</u>	2	4	6	8	10
	1	2	3	4	5
			Likelihood		

RED RISK	Red Risk: Unacceptable risk. Reduce risk by mitigation. Transfer risk.
AMBER RISK	Amber Risk Reduce risk by mitigation. Regularly review
YELLOW RISK	Yellow Risk Tolerate risk. Review control measures
GREEN RISK	Green Risk. Acceptable Risk. Monitor risk.